

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

# PRODUCT: PF 14360 PAINT STRIPPER AEROSOL

#### **SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION**

Initial supplier identifier..... Wyatt Machine Tools (Rupes) NZ Limited

388 Church Street, Penrose Auckland, New Zealand PH: (09) 525 1000 FAX: (09) 525 1009

Product identifier.....

Recommended use and restrictions on ...

use Chemical family..... NFPA rating.....

HMIS..... 24 hour emergency number:....

PF 14360 PAINT STRIPPER AEROSOL

Paint stripper. This product should not be used for any other purpose other than the ones

described in this section.

Mixture.

Health: 3 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0.

H: 3 F: 4 R: 0.

NZ Emergency 0800 992 881 (0800WYATT1).

### **SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**



Signal Word	DANGER.
Hazard Classification	Flammable Aerosols — Category 2. Gases Under Pressure: Liquefied Gas. Acute Toxicity
	3. Eye Irritant 1. Skin Irritation — Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single
	Exposure — Category 3. Carcinogen 1B. Reproductive 1B. Specific Target Organ Toxicity
	— Single Exposure — Category 1.
Hazard Description	H223 Flammable aerosol . H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
	H301 Toxic if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes
	skin irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350 This product contains
	ingredients that may cause cancer. H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child. H370
	Causes damage to the liver and kidneys.
Prevention	P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all
	safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks,
	open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other
	ignition sources. P251 Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. P264 Wash hands
	thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat drink or smoke while using this product. P260
	Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
	P261 Avoid breathing mists, vapours and sprays. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well
_	ventilated area.
Response	P301 + P310 If swallowed IMMEDIATELY CALL A POISON CONTROL CENTRE and
	follow instructions provided by the centre. P330 Rinse mouth. P331 Do NOT induce
	vomiting. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P321 - For specific treatment
	see section 4 on this SDS. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs get medical attention or
	advice. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P304 +
	P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call
	a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get
	medical advice/attention. P308 + P311 If exposed or concerned; call a poison center or
04	doctor.
Storage	
	P403 + P233 Store in a well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store
Dianagal	locked up.
Disposal	P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS#	WT. %	
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	50-70	
Propane	74-98-6	10-30	
Isobutane	75-28-5	7-13	
Methanol	67-56-1	1-5	
2-Phenoxyethanol	122-99-6	1-5	
Light aromatic naphtha*	64742-95-6	1-5	
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol	124-68-5	<2	

#### **SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Additional information	

#### **SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing ..... media

"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. Halon. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used.

Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2).

Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control.

### **SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Leak/spill.....

Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Contain the spill. Avoid all personal contact. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations. Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with earth, sand, or another dry inert material.

### **SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling.....

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Avoid skin and eye contact. Ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight.

#### **SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

INGREDIENTS	TWA	ACGIH TLV STEL	PEL	OSHA PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Dichloromethane	50 ppm	Not established	25 ppm	Not established	Not established
Propane	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm

# **SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

INGREDIENTS	TWA	GIH TLV STEL	OSH PEL	A PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Isobutane Methanol	Not established 200 ppm	Not established 250 ppm skin	Not established 200 ppm	Not established Not established	800 ppm 200 ppm / STEL 250 ppm
2-Phenoxyethanol	No data No data	No data	No data	No data	No data
Light aromatic naphtha*	Not established	Not established	500 ppm	Not established	Not established
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propa nol	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Personal Protective Equipment Eye/type Respiratory/type  Gloves/ type Clothing/type Footwear/type Other/type Appropriate engineering controls		Liquid chemical goggles. Local exhaust ventilation i when contaminant levels of Chemical resistant gloves Wear adequate protective Safety boots per local reg Emergency showers and Local exhaust at points of	exceed the recomment of the comment	nded exposure limits.	rly fitted respirator

# **SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance/Physical state	Aerosol.
Colour	Clear.
Odour	Hydrocarbon odour.
Odour threshold (ppm)	Not available.
Vapour pressure (mm Hg)	70 @ 20c.
Vapour density (air=1)	>1.
pHHq	Not applicable.
Relative Density (Specific Gravity)	Liquid: 1.084 aerosol: 0.999.
Melting / Freezing point (deg C)	Not available.
Solubility	Slightly soluble in water.
Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C).	40°C.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flash point (deg C), method	-104°C.
Auto ignition temperature (deg C)	Not available.
Upper flammable limit (% vol)	36.
Lower flammable limit (% vol)	1.2.
Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water	Not available.
% Volatile by weight	98.
VOC	1.064 g/L - 8.88 lb/usg.
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# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical stability	Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.
Reactivity	Avoid heat, sparks and flames. Explosive reactions can occur in the presence of strong
•	oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid, including static	Keep away from heat. Incompatible with strong oxidizers. May attack plastics, rubber and
discharge, shock or vibration	coatings. Active metals. Strong bases.
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxideš of carbon (CO,CO2). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

INGREDIENTS	LC50	LD50
Dichloromethane Propane	52,000 mg/m3 rat 2 hr >1,464 mg/L 15 minutes rat	1,600 mg/kg rat oral Not available
Isobutane	52 mg/L 1 hour mouse	Not available
Methanol	128.2 mg/L, 4h rat	420 mg/kg oral, 5,628 mg/kg rat oral, 15,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal
2-Phenoxyethanol	No data	1260 mg/kg Oral Rat

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
INGREDIENTS	LC50	LD50		
Light aromatic naphtha*	10.2 mg/L (inhal, hr.)	>3400 mg/kg (oral, rat). >2000 mg/kg (dermal, rabbit)		
2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol	Not Available	2900 mg/kg (oral, rat)		
Route of exposure	Can cause reddening, itching, swelling burning and possible blistering. Prolonged contact may result in skin burns.  May cause severe irritation and burning.			
Inhalation (acute)	which can be fatal. May cause liver and kidney effects.			
Effects of chronic exposure	Overexposure may cause an increase in carboxyhemaglobin in the blood.  Breathing high concentrations of vapour may cause anesthetic effects and serious health effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Possible damage to liver and kidneys. May cause reproductive and mutagenic effects. May cause			
Reproductive effectsCarcinogenicity of material	cancer. Methanol is listed on California's Proposition 65 as causin Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane) is listed as a class Prop 65 as causing cancer. ACGIH A3.	ng developmental toxicity.		

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial and federal regulations. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or expose to heat, even when empty.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

TDG Classification	
	exemption when shipped in containers less than 1 Litre.
DOT Classification (Road)	UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Ltd Qty (1 Liter/0.26 Gallons).
IATA Classification (Air)	UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Limited Quantity.
IMDG Classification (Marine)	UN1950 - AEROSOLS - Class 2.1 - EmS: F-D, S-U - Limited Quantity.
Marine Pollutant	Potential marine pollutant.
Proof of Classification	In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July
	2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

WHMIS 1988 classification	On Domestic Substances List (DSL).
TSCA inventory statusOSHA	All components are listed.  This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
SARA Title III Section 302 - extremely hazardous	None
substances	
Section 311/312 - hazard categories Section 313	Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard. Pressure.  Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane). Methanol.
EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS)	Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane). Methanol.
California Proposition 65	*WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. (Dichloromethane). *WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the
(NZ) Statement	State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Methanol). This substance is classified hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017.
(NZ) HSNO Classifications	
(NZ) HSNO Group Standard	Aerosols - Flammable Toxic 6.7 HSR002517.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared by:	REGULATORY AFFAIRS.	Trivalent Data Systems Ltd.	www.trivalent.com.
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Date of the latest revision of the safety ... data sheet